By: Representatives Robinson (63rd), Banks, Bozeman, Clarke, Coleman (65th), Wallace To: Municipalities

HOUSE BILL NO. 1074

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 21-23-7, MISSISSIPPI CODE OF 1972, TO
AUTHORIZE MUNICIPAL JUDGES TO DISMISS WARRANTS ISSUED FOR CONTEMPT
OF COURT AFTER TEN YEARS OF UNSUCCESSFUL SERVICE AND WHICH
INVOLVES LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS; AND FOR RELATED PURPOSES.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI:
SECTION 1. Section 21-23-7, Mississippi Code of 1972, is
amended as follows:

21-23-7. (1) The municipal judge shall hold court in a 8 public building designated by the governing authorities of the 9 10 municipality and may hold court every day except Sundays and legal holidays if the business of the municipality so requires; 11 provided, however, the municipal judge may hold court outside the 12 13 boundaries of the municipality but not more than within a sixty-mile radius of the municipality to handle preliminary 14 15 matters and criminal matters such as initial appearances and felony preliminary hearings. The municipal judge shall have the 16 17 jurisdiction to hear and determine, without a jury and without a record of the testimony, all cases charging violations of the 18 municipal ordinances and state misdemeanor laws made offenses 19 20 against the municipality and to punish offenders therefor as may be prescribed by law. All criminal proceedings shall be brought 21 22 by sworn complaint filed in the municipal court. Such complaint shall state the essential elements of the offense charged and the 23 statute or ordinance relied upon. Such complaint shall not be 24 25 required to conclude with a general averment that the offense is 26 against the peace and dignity of the state or in violation of the ordinances of the municipality. He may sit as a committing court 27

in all felonies committed within the municipality, and he shall 28 29 have the power to bind over the accused to the grand jury or to appear before the proper court having jurisdiction to try the 30 same, and to set the amount of bail or refuse bail and commit the 31 32 accused to jail in cases not bailable. The municipal judge is a 33 conservator of the peace within his municipality. He may conduct preliminary hearings in all violations of the criminal laws of 34 35 this state occurring within the municipality, and any person arrested for a violation of law within the municipality may be 36 37 brought before him for initial appearance.

In the discretion of the court, where the objects of 38 (2) justice would be more likely met, as an alternative to imposition 39 40 or payment of fine and/or incarceration, the municipal judge shall have the power to sentence convicted offenders to work on a public 41 42 service project where the court has established such a program of public service by written guidelines filed with the clerk for 43 44 public record. Such programs shall provide for reasonable 45 supervision of the offender and the work shall be commensurate with the fine and/or incarceration that would have ordinarily been 46 47 imposed. Such program of public service may be utilized in the implementation of the provisions of Section 99-19-20, and public 48 49 service work thereunder may be supervised by persons other than the sheriff. 50

(3) The municipal judge may solemnize marriages, take oaths, 51 52 affidavits and acknowledgments, and issue orders, subpoenas, summonses, citations, warrants for search and arrest upon a 53 54 finding of probable cause, and other such process under seal of 55 the court to any county or municipality, in a criminal case, to be 56 executed by the lawful authority of the county or the municipality 57 of the respondent, and enforce obedience thereto. The absence of a seal shall not invalidate the process. 58

59 (4) When a person shall be charged with an offense in 60 municipal court punishable by confinement, the municipal judge, 61 being satisfied that such person is an indigent person and is 62 unable to employ counsel, may, in the discretion of the court, 63 appoint counsel from the membership of the Mississippi Bar 64 residing in his county who shall represent him. Compensation for

appointed counsel in criminal cases shall be approved and allowed by the municipal judge and shall be paid by the municipality. The maximum compensation shall not exceed Two Hundred Dollars (\$200.00) for any one (1) case. The governing authorities of a municipality may, in their discretion, appoint a public defender(s) who must be a licensed attorney and who shall receive a salary to be fixed by the governing authorities.

72 (5) The municipal judge of any municipality is hereby 73 authorized to suspend the sentence and to suspend the execution of 74 the sentence, or any part thereof, on such terms as may be imposed 75 by the municipal judge. However, the suspension of imposition or 76 execution of a sentence hereunder may not be revoked after a 77 period of two (2) years. The municipal judge shall have the power 78 to establish and operate a probation program, dispute resolution program and other practices or procedures appropriate to the 79 80 judiciary and designed to aid in the administration of justice. 81 Any such program shall be established by the court with written 82 policies and procedures filed with the clerk of the court for public record. 83

(6) Upon prior notice to the municipal prosecuting attorney 84 85 and upon a showing in open court of rehabilitation, good conduct for a period of two (2) years since the last conviction in any 86 court and that the best interest of society would be served, the 87 court may, in its discretion, order the record of conviction of a 88 person of any or all misdemeanors in that court expunged, and upon 89 90 so doing the said person thereafter legally stands as though he had never been convicted of the said misdemeanor(s) and may 91 lawfully so respond to any query of prior convictions. 92 This order of expunction does not apply to the confidential records of law 93 enforcement agencies and has no effect on the driving record of a 94 95 person maintained under Title 63, Mississippi Code of 1972, or any other provision of said Title 63. 96

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(7) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (6) of this

98 section, a person who was convicted in municipal court of a 99 misdemeanor before reaching his twenty-third birthday, excluding 100 conviction for a traffic violation, and who is a first offender, 101 may utilize the provisions of Section 99-19-71, to expunge such 102 misdemeanor conviction.

103 (8) In the discretion of the court, a plea of nolo 104 contendere may be entered to any charge in municipal court. Upon 105 the entry of a plea of nolo contendere the court shall convict the 106 defendant of the offense charged and shall proceed to sentence the 107 defendant according to law. The judgment of the court shall 108 reflect that the conviction was on a plea of nolo contendere. An 109 appeal may be made from a conviction on a plea of nolo contendere as in other cases. 110

(9) Upon execution of a sworn complaint charging a misdemeanor, the municipal court may, in its discretion and in lieu of an arrest warrant, issue a citation requiring the appearance of the defendant to answer the charge made against him. On default of appearance, an arrest warrant may be issued for the defendant. The clerk of the court or deputy clerk may issue such citations.

(10) The municipal court shall have the power to make rules for the administration of the court's business, which rules, if any, shall be in writing filed with the clerk of the court.

(11) The municipal court shall have the power to impose
punishment of a fine of not more than One Thousand Dollars
(\$1,000.00) or six (6) months' imprisonment, or both, for contempt
of court. The municipal court shall have the power to impose
reasonable costs of court, not in excess of the following:
Dismissal of any affidavit, complaint or charge
in municipal court...... \$15.00

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Causing search warrant to issue or causing prosecution

without reasonable cause or refusing to cooperate 132 133 after initiating action..... 100.00 Certified copy of the court record...... 5.00 134 135 Service of arrest warrant for failure to answer citation or traffic summons..... 25.00 136 137 Jail cost per day..... 10.00 Any other item of court cost..... 50.00 138 139 No filing fee or such cost shall be imposed for the bringing 140 of an action in municipal court.

(12) A municipal court judge shall not dismiss a criminal 141 142 case but may transfer the case to the justice court of the county if the municipal court judge is prohibited from presiding over the 143 case by the Canons of Judicial Conduct and provided that venue and 144 145 jurisdiction are proper in the justice court. Upon transfer of 146 any such case, the municipal court judge shall give the municipal 147 court clerk a written order to transmit the affidavit or complaint and all other records and evidence in the court's possession to 148 149 the justice court by certified mail or to instruct the arresting 150 officer to deliver such documents and records to the justice 151 court. There shall be no court costs charged for the transfer of 152 the case to the justice court.

153 (13) A municipal court judge may expunge the record of any 154 case in which an arrest was made, the person arrested was released 155 and the case was dismissed or the charges were dropped or there 156 was no disposition of such case.

157 (14) A municipal court judge may dismiss any warrant issued
 158 for contempt of court after ten (10) years of unsuccessful service
 159 and if the warrant involves less than Five Hundred Dollars

160 <u>(\$500.00).</u>

161 SECTION 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from 162 and after July 1, 1999.